- M 2 2-131 A. Chan 2-588 3-4110 alicec
  M 3 2-131 A. Chan 2-588 3-4110 alicec
- 3) M 3 2-132 D. Testa 2-586 3-4102 damiano
- 4) T 10 2-132 C.I. Kim 2-273 3-4380 ikim
- 5) T 11 2-132 C.I. Kim 2-273 3-4380 ikim
- 6) T 12 2-132 W.L. Gan 2-101 3-3299 wlgan
- 7) T 1 2-131 C.I. Kim 2-273 3-4380 ikim
- 8) T 1 2-132 W.L. Gan 2-101 3-3299 wlgan
- 9) T 2 2-132 W.L. Gan 2-101 3-3299 wlgan

1 (17 pts.) If the output vectors from Gram-Schmidt are

$$q_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $q_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$ 

describe all possible input vectors  $a_1$  and  $a_2$ .

2 (15 pts.) If a and b are nonzero vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , what number x minimizes the squared length  $||b-xa||^2$ ?

3 (17 pts.) Find the projection p of the vector b = (1, 2, 6) onto the plane x + y + z = 0 in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . (You may want to find a basis for this 2-dimensional subspace, even an orthogonal basis.)

4 (17 pts.) Find the determinants of A and  $A^{-1}$  and the (1,2) entry of  $A^{-1}$  if

$$A = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 7 \end{array} \right].$$

**5** (17 pts.) By recursion or cofactors or otherwise(!) compute the determinant of this 5 by 5 circulant matrix C:

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

6 (17 pts.) Suppose  $P_1$  is the projection matrix onto the 1-dimensional subspace spanned by the first column of A. Suppose  $P_2$  is the projection matrix onto the 2-dimensional column space of A. After thinking a little, compute the product  $P_2P_1$ .

$$A = \left[ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{array} \right].$$